

THE CAMFORD INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

ANNUAL LESSON PLAN 2022-2023

SUBJECT: ACCOUNTANCY (055)

MONTH	CHAPTER	DETAIL CONCEPTS TO BE COVERED	PROJECT	AIL
APRIL	Chapter 1: Introduction to Accounting	Accounting- concept, meaning, as a source of information, objectives, advantages and limitations, types of accounting information; users of accounting information and their needs. Qualitative Characteristics of Accounting Information. Role of Accounting in Business. Basic Accounting Terms- Entity, Business Transaction, Capital, Drawings. Liabilities (Non Current and Current). Assets (Non Current, Current); Expenditure (Capital and Revenue), Expense, Revenue, Income, Profit, Gain, Loss, Purchase, Sales, Goods, Stock, Debtor, Creditor, Voucher, Discount (Trade discount and Cash Discount)		
JUNE	Chapter 2: Theory Base of Accounting	Fundamental accounting assumptions: GAAP: Concept • Basic accounting concept: Business Entity, Money Measurement, Going Concern,		

Chapter 3 Recording of Business Transactions	Dual Aspect, Revenue Recognition, Matching, Full Disclosure, Consistency, Conservatism, Materiality and Objectivity • System of Accounting. Basis of Accounting: cash basis and accrual basis • Accounting Standards: Applicability in IndAS • Goods and Services Tax (GST): Characteristics and Advantages Voucher and Transactions: Source documents and Vouchers, Preparation of Vouchers, Accounting Equation Approach: Meaning and Analysis, Rules of Debit and Credit. • Recording of Transactions: Books of Original Entry- Journal • Special Purpose books: • Cash Book: Simple, cash book with bank column and petty cashbook • Purchases book • Purchases return book • Sales return book • Journal proper		
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	Chapter 3 Recording of Business Transactions	• Ledger: Format, Posting from journal and subsidiary books, Balancing of accounts		Draw Different types of vouchers, Purchase book, Sales book, Purchase return book, passbook and cheque
JULY	Chapter 4: Bank Reconciliation Statement	Need and preparation, Bank Reconciliation Statement		
AUGUST	Chapter 4: Depreciation, Provisions and Reserves	Depreciation: Meaning, Features, Need, Causes, factors Other similar terms: Depletion and Amortisation Methods of Depreciation: i. Straight Line Method (SLM) ii. Written Down Value Method (WDV) Difference between SLM and WDV; Advantages of SLM and WDV Method of recoding depreciation i. Charging to asset account ii. Creating provision for depreciation/accumulated depreciation account Treatment of disposal of asset Provisions, Reserves, Difference Between Provisions and Reserves. Types of Reserves: i. Revenue reserve ii. Capital reserve	Preparation of Journal and ledger for a firm	

		 iii. General reserve iv. Specific reserve v. Secret Reserve • Difference between capital and revenue reserve 		
SEPTEMBER	Chapter 5: Trial balance and Rectification of Errors	 Trial balance: objectives, meaning and preparation (Scope: Trial balance with balance method only) Errors: classification-errors of omission, commission, principles, and compensating; their effect on Trial Balance. Detection and rectification of errors; (i) Errors which do not affect trial balance (ii) (ii) Errors which affect trial balance Preparation of suspense account. 	Preparation of trial balance for the firm	
OCTOBER	Chapter 6: Financial Statements	Meaning, objectives and importance; Revenue and Capital Receipts; Revenue and Capital Expenditure; Deferred Revenue expenditure. Opening journal entry. Trading and Profit and Loss Account: Gross Profit, Operating profit and Net profit. Preparation. Balance Sheet: need, grouping and marshalling of assets and liabilities. Preparation. Adjustments in preparation of financial statements	Preparation of Financial statements for the firm and Submission of Project	Creation of Scrap book on Detailed study and Annual report of a Partnership firm or a Company.

for personal use/staff welfare, interest on capital and managers commission. Preparation of Trading and Profit and Loss account and Balance Sheet of a sole proprietorship with adjustments.	with respect to closing stock, outstanding expenses, prepaid expenses, accrued income, income received in advance, depreciation, bad debts, provision for doubtful debts, provision for discount on debtors, Abnormal loss, Goods taken	
	for personal use/staff welfare, interest on capital and managers commission. Preparation of Trading and Profit and Loss account and Balance Sheet of a	